 EMSR781 - AOI01
Tropical Cyclone CHIDO in Mozambique
PEMBA

Situation as of 16/12/2024 15:40 UTC
Delineation - Overview map 01



 Flooded area
2614.3 ha

 Potentially affected population
~ 900

Potentially Affected Built-up and Transportations


 Road
7.2 km

 Built-up
12.1 ha

Estimated flood depth (m)

- Below 0.50
- 0.50 - 1.00
- 1.00 - 2.00
- 2.00 - 4.00
- 4.00 - 6.00

General Information

 Area of Interest

Administrative Boundaries

- Province
- Municipality


Placenames

 Placename

Built-Up Area


- Residential
- Non residential
- School, university and research buildings

Hospital or institutional care buildings

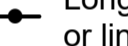
 Hospital or institutional care buildings

 Military


Hydrography

 Lake, River

Facilities

 Long-distance pipelines or lines


 Dam

 Sport and recreation constructions


 Water or Aquatic infrastructure

Transportation

 Highway

 Main road

 Local road

 Track

 Airfield

Event On the 15 December 2024 at 6:15 CAT Tropical Cyclone CHIDO has made landfall in Mozambique. The event brought hurricane-force winds and torrential floods to several districts in the provinces of Cabo Delgado, Nampula and Niassa. Copernicus EMS Rapid Mapping is requested to provide event extent and damage assessment emergency mapping

Data sources and analysis Pre-event image: Sentinel-2A/B (2024) (acquired on 16/05/2024 at 07:16 UTC, resolution 10.0 m). This image is used as background image.
Post-event image: RADARSAT 2 Data and products © MacDonald, Dettwiler and Associates Ltd. (2024) (acquired on 16/12/2024 at 15:40 UTC, resolution 3.0 m) – RADARSAT is an official mark of the Canadian Space Agency.
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The thematic layer has been derived from post-event satellite image using a semi-automatic approach. Please be aware that the thematic accuracy might be lower in urban and forested areas due to inherent limitations of the SAR analysis technique.

The flood depth information is based on the analysis of post-event satellite imagery and on Digital Elevation Model data. The flooded area corresponds to the water observed in the most recent satellite imagery, excluding the permanent water.

Map produced by ITHACA released by e-GEOS on the 17/12/2024.

Details on this activation and service conditions available through the QR code or at the link: <https://rapidmapping.emergency.copernicus.eu/EMSR781>

Consequences within the AOI				
		Unit of measurement	Affected	Total in AOI
Flooded area		ha		2,614.3
Estimated population	Number of inhabitants		~ 900	~ 390,000
Built-up	Residential Buildings	ha	11.9	1,870.4
	Office buildings	ha	0	8.5
	Wholesale and retail trade buildings	ha	0	0.02
	Industrial buildings	ha	0	10.4
	School, university and research buildings	ha	0.2	21.8
	Hospital or institutional care buildings	ha	0	1.1
	Military	ha	0	14.5
Transportation	Cemetery	ha	0	5.3
	Airfield runways	ha	0	99.3
	Highways	km	0	38.1
	Primary Road	km	0	0.03
	Secondary Road	km	0.4	78.9
	Local Road	km	2.3	634.9
Facilities	Cart Track	km	4.5	163.6
	Breakwater	ha	0	1.6
	Sport and recreation constructions	ha	1.9	24.9
	Other civil engineering works not elsewhere classified	ha	0	6.4
	Long-distance pipelines, communication and electricity lines	km	0.1	16.8
Land use	Dams	km	0	0.3
	Shrub and/or herbaceous vegetation association	ha	1,098.3	22,308.0
	Inland wetlands	ha	922.2	4,924.0
	Forests	ha	444.9	20,636.1
	Heterogeneous agricultural areas	ha	130.7	8,452.1
	Other	ha	18.2	21,619.5
	Open spaces with little or no vegetation	ha	0.01	49.6

Disclaimer:

Full disclaimer and other helpful information available in the online manual:
<https://emergency.copernicus.eu/mapping/ems/online-manual-rapid-mapping-products>
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Data Access:

All data displayed on the map(s), as well as the Physiography and Land Use - Land Cover layers, are available in the Crisis Information Package and the Base Layer Package (for reference data). The table above is available in editable format in the Crisis Information Package. All products and data are also available for download on the portal.

Access to the portal



Estimated Population:

Estimated population is based on Copernicus Global Human Settlement Layer (GHSL) dataset. Additional population datasets and analysis are available in the summary table.

Data Sources:

Base Vector Layers: OpenStreetMap © OpenStreetMap contributors (2024), Wikimapia.org, GeoNames 2015, Global Administrative Areas (2012), refined by the producer, Globe Land 30 (2010), Copernicus Global Land Service: Land Cover (2019). Inset maps: JRC 2013, Natural Earth 2012, GeoNames 2015. Digital Elevation Model: FABDEM (ForestAndBuildingsremovedCopernicusDEM) removes building and tree height biases from the Copernicus GLO 30 Digital Elevation Model (DEM) (Airbus,2020).

